

Project Jigsaw_

Florian Troßbach



- **codecentric Karlsruhe**
- **Plain Old Java Dev**
- **Currently trying to tame the SMACK stack**



Services

Modules can provide services

- **java.util.ServiceLoader**

Method Summary

| All Methods | Static Methods | Instance Methods | Concrete Methods |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|
| Modifier and Type | Method and Description | | |
| <code>Iterator<S></code> | <code>iterator()</code> Lazily loads the available providers of this loader's service. | | |
| <code>static <S> ServiceLoader<S> load(Class<S> service)</code> | Creates a new service loader for the given service type, using the current thread's context class loader . | | |
| <code>static <S> ServiceLoader<S> load(Class<S> service, ClassLoader loader)</code> | Creates a new service loader for the given service type and class loader. | | |
| <code>static <S> ServiceLoader<S> loadInstalled(Class<S> service)</code> | Creates a new service loader for the given service type, using the extension class loader. | | |
| <code>void</code> | <code>reload()</code> Clear this loader's provider cache so that all providers will be reloaded. | | |
| <code>String</code> | <code>toString()</code> Returns a string describing this service. | | |

Modules can provide services

- Modules provide service implementations
- Other modules can use services
- ServiceLoader finds all implementations on the module path
- No dependency on the providing modules needed
=> decoupling!

Example

```
module org.codefx.demo.advent {  
    // list the required modules  
    requires org.codefx.demo.advent.calendar;  
    // list the used services  
    uses org.codefx.demo.advent.surprise.SurpriseFactory;  
}
```

```
module org.codefx.demo.advent.factory.quote {  
    requires public org.codefx.demo.advent.surprise;  
    // specify which class provides which service  
    provides org.codefx.demo.advent.surprise.SurpriseFactory  
        with org.codefx.demo.advent.factory.quote.QuoteFactory;  
}
```

Example

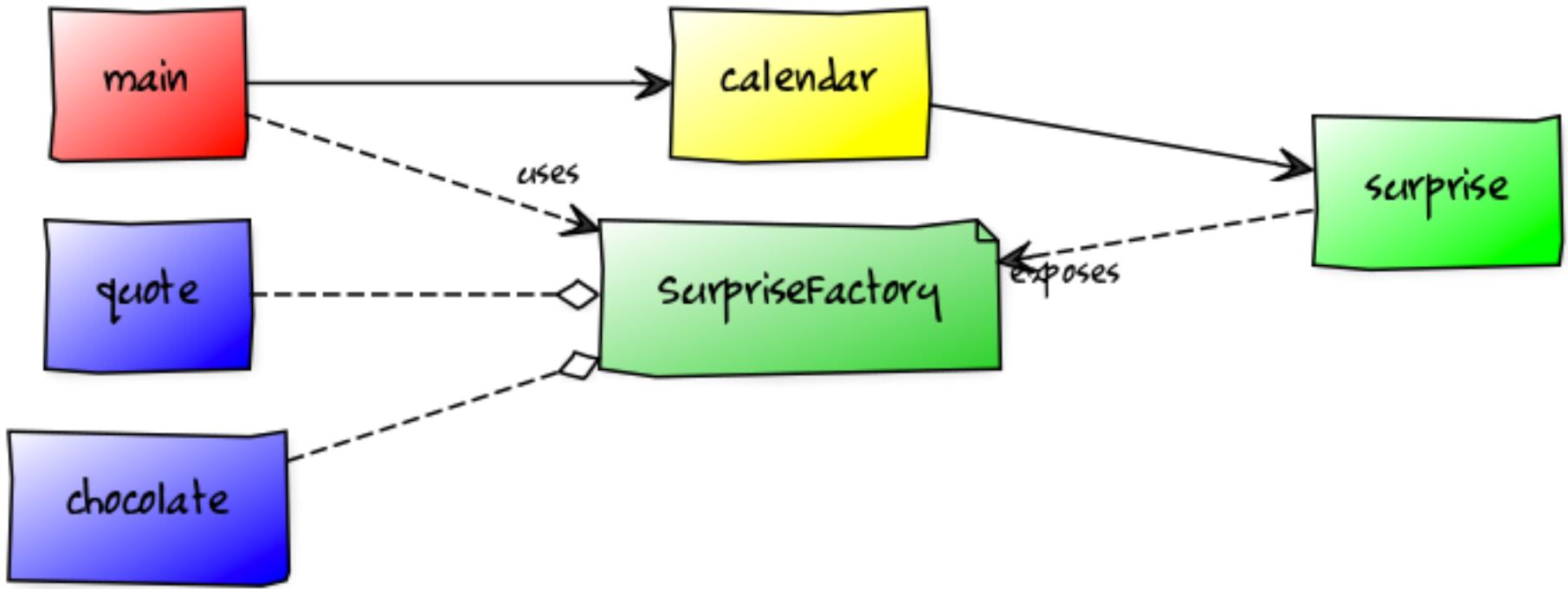


Diagram by Nicolai Parlog, <http://blog.codefx.org/java/dev/jigsaw-hands-on-guide/>

Working with non-modular code

Non-modular code

- Using libraries
 - Spring, Guava, ...
 - your internal library
- Using modular code from non-modular code

Automatic modules

Unnamed module

What is the name of an automatic module?

- The name of the jar
 - guava.jar => “guava”
 - ~~guava-19.0.jar~~

What does an automatic module export?

- All its packages
 - => All public types

What does an automatic module require?

- All exports of all modules on the module path
- All public types in the unnamed module

What is the name of the unnamed module?

- Any guesses?

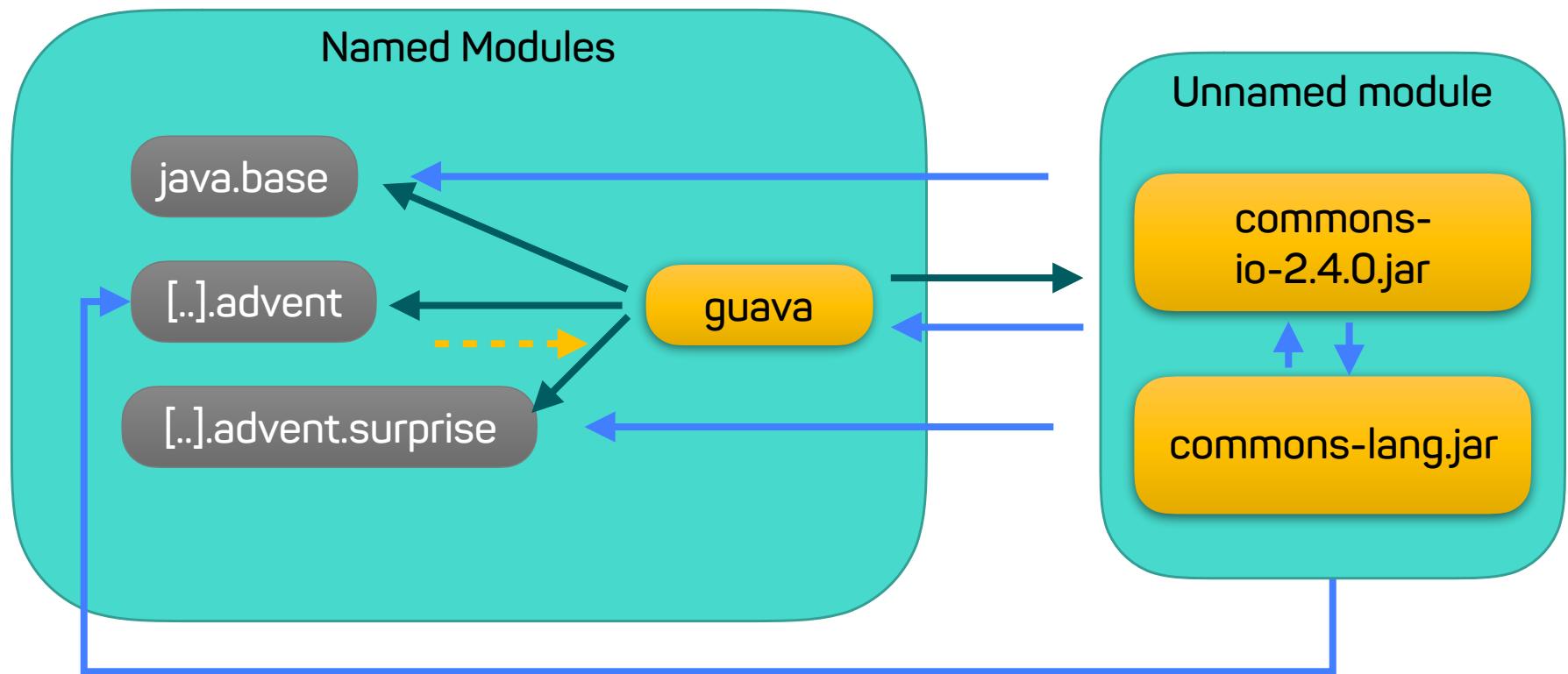
What does the unnamed module export?

- All its packages
- ~~requires unnamed;~~

What does an the unnamed module require?

- All exports of all modules on the module path

Overview



Example

Breaking Jigsaw - Live

jlink

Build your own JRE!

- Create your own Java runtime
- Pick which modules to include
- Can lead to really small distributions (< 15 MB)

Example

Resources

- <https://github.com/ftrossbach/demo-jigsaw-advent-calendar>
- Mark Reinhold, “The State of the Module System”
 - <http://openjdk.java.net/projects/jigsaw/spec/sotms/>
- Nicolai Parlog’s posts on Jigsaw
 - <http://blog.codefx.org/tag/project-jigsaw/>
- My blog posts on Jigsaw
 - <https://blog.codecentric.de/en/2015/11/first-steps-with-java9-jigsaw-part-1/>
 - <https://blog.codecentric.de/en/2015/12/first-steps-with-java9-jigsaw-part-2/>